



Cylinder colours - what do they mean? Colour label identifies the gas properties.

The shoulder colours inform about gas properties, but the most common pure gases have their own colours.

General colours

Pure gases

| Toxic and/or corrosive gases | Yellow |
|------------------------------|------------|
| Flammable gases | Red |
| | |
| Acetylene | Maroon |
| Oxygen | White |
| Argon | Dark green |
| Nitrogen | Black |
| | |
| Industrial gases | Black |
| Acetylene | Maroon |
| | |

| Oxidizing gases | Light blue |
|------------------|--------------|
| Inert gases | Bright green |
| | |
| Carbon dioxide | Grey |
| Helium | Brown |
| Hydrogen | Red |
| Nitrous oxide | Blue |
| | |
| Food gases | Green |
| Speciality gases | Silver |
| Medical gases | White |

Industrial gases – Pure gases

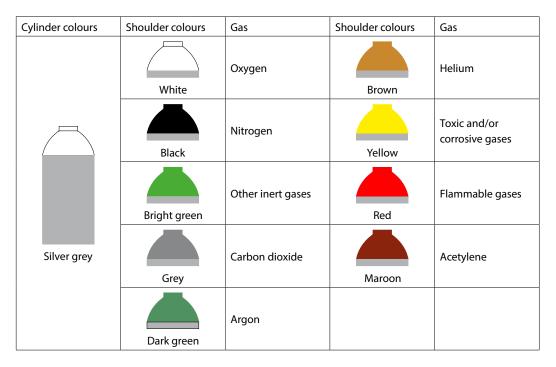
AGA's cylinder colours

| Cylinder colours | Shoulder colours | Gas | Shoulder colours | Gas |
|--------------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| Black | White | Oxygen | Brown | Helium |
| | Bright green | Air | Blue | Nitrous oxide |
| | Black | Nitrogen | Yellow | Toxic and/or corrosive gases |
| | Grey | Carbon dioxide | Red | Flammable gases |
| | Dark green | Argon | | |
| Whole cylinder maroon | Maroon | Acetylene | | |

Food gases – Pure gases

| Cylinder colours | Shoulder colours | Gas | Shoulder colours | Gas |
|------------------|------------------|----------|------------------|----------------|
| | White | Oxygen | Grey | Carbon dioxide |
| Reseda green | Black | Nitrogen | Dark green | Argon |

Specialty gases – Pure gases



Gas mixtures

| Gas | Shoulder colours |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Inert | Bright green |
| Fire intensifier/ oxidizing | Light blue |
| Flammable | Red |
| Toxic | Yellow |